Pari-GP reference card

(PARI-GP version 2.19.1)

Note: optional arguments are surrounded by braces {}.
To start the calculator, type its name in the terminal: `gp`
To exit `gp`, type `quit`, `\q`, or `<C-D>` at prompt.

Help

describe function	`?`*function*
extended description	`??`*keyword*
list of relevant help topics	`???`*pattern*
name of GP-1.39 function f in GP-2.*	`whatnow`(f)

Input/Output

previous result, the result before	`%`, `%``, `%```, etc.
n-th result since startup	`%`n
separate multiple statements on line	`;`
extend statement on additional lines	`\`
extend statements on several lines	`{`seq_1`;` seq_2`;}`
comment	`/* ... */`
one-line comment, rest of line ignored	`\\ ...`

Metacommands & Defaults

set default d to val	`default`$(\{d\},\{val\})$
toggle timer on/off	`#`
print time for last result	`##`
print defaults	`\d`
set debug level to n	`\g` n
set memory debug level to n	`\gm` n
set n significant digits / bits	`\p` n, `\pb` n
set n terms in series	`\ps` n
quit GP	`\q`
print the list of PARI types	`\t`
print the list of user-defined functions	`\u`
read file into GP	`\r` *filename*
set debuglevel for domain D to n	`setdebug`(D,n)

Debugger / break loop

get out of break loop	`break` or `<C-D>`
go up/down n frames	`dbg_up`$(\{n\})$, `dbg_down`
set break point	`breakpoint`$()$
examine object o	`dbg_x`(o)
current error data	`dbg_err`$()$
number of objects on heap and their size	`getheap`$()$
total size of objects on PARI stack	`getstack`$()$

PARI Types & Input Formats

`t_INT`. Integers; hex, binary	± 31; $\pm$`0x1F`, $\pm$`0b101`
`t_REAL`. Reals	± 3.14, 6.022 E23
`t_INTMOD`. Integers modulo m	`Mod`(n,m)
`t_FRAC`. Rational Numbers	n/m
`t_FFELT`. Elt in finite field $\mathbf{F}_q$	`ffgen`$(q,$'t$)$
`t_COMPLEX`. Complex Numbers	$x + y*$ `I`
`t_PADIC`. p-adic Numbers	$x +$ `O`$(p\hat{}k)$
`t_QUAD`. Quadratic Numbers	$x + y*$ `quadgen(`D`,{'w})`
`t_POLMOD`. Polynomials modulo g	`Mod`(f,g)
`t_POL`. Polynomials	$a*x\hat{}n + \cdots + b$
`t_SER`. Power Series	$f +$ `O`$(x\hat{}k)$
`t_RFRAC`. Rational Functions	f/g
`t_QFB`. Binary quadratic form	`Qfb`(a,b,c)
`t_VEC`/`t_COL`. Row/Column Vectors	$[x,y,z]$, $[x,y,z]$`~`
`t_VEC` integer range	`[1..10]`
`t_VECSMALL`. Vector of small ints	`Vecsmall([`x,y,z`])`
`t_MAT`. Matrices	$[a,b;c,d]$
`t_LIST`. Lists	`List([`x,y,z`])`
`t_STR`. Strings	`"abc"`
`t_INFINITY`. $\pm\infty$	`+oo, -oo`

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Reserved Variable Names

$\pi \approx 3.14$, $\gamma \approx 0.57$, $C \approx 0.91$, $I = \sqrt{-1}$	`Pi`, `Euler`, `Catalan`, `I`
Landau's big-oh notation	`O`

Information about an Object, Precision

PARI type of object x	`type`(x)
length of x / size of x in memory	`#`x, `sizebyte`(x)
real precision / bit precision of x	`precision`(x), `bitprecision`(x)
p-adic, series prec. of x	`padicprec`(x,p), `serprec`(x,v)
current dynamic precision	`getlocalprec`, `getlocalbitprec`

Operators

basic operations	`+`, `-` , `*`, `/`, `^`, `sqr`
`i←i+1`, `i←i-1`, `i←i*j`, ...	`i++`, `i--`, `i*=j`,...
Euclidean quotient, remainder	x`\/`y, x`\`y, x`%`y, `divrem`(x,y)
shift x left or right n bits	x`<<`n, x`>>`n or `shift`$(x,\pm n)$
multiply by 2^n	`shiftmul`(x,n)
comparison operators	`<=`, `<`, `>=`, `>`, `==`, `!=`, `===`, `lex`, `cmp`
boolean operators (or, and, not)	`||`, `&&`, `!`
bit operations	`bitand`, `bitneg`, `bitor`, `bitxor`, `bitnegimply`
in place bit operations	`bitclear`, `bitflip`, `bitset`
maximum/minimum of x and y	`max`(x,y), `min`(x,y)
sign of x (gives $-1,0,1$)	`sign`(x)
binary exponent of x	`exponent`(x)
derivative of f, 2nd derivative, etc.	f`'`, f`''`, ...
differential operator	`diffop`$(f,v,d,\{n=1\})$
quote operator (formal variable)	`'x`
assignment	`x =` *value*
simultaneous assignment $x \leftarrow v[1]$, $y \leftarrow v[2]$	`[x,y] = v`

Select Components

Caveat: components start at index $n = 1$.

n-th component of x	`component`(x,n)
n-th component of vector/list x	x`[`n`]`
components $a, a+1, \ldots, b$ of vector x	x`[`a`..`b`]`
(m,n)-th component of matrix x	x`[`m`,`n`]`
row m or column n of matrix x	x`[`m`,]`, x`[,`n`]`
numerator/denominator of x	`numerator`(x), `denominator`(x)

Random Numbers

random integer/prime in $[0, N[$	`random`(N), `randomprime`(N)
get/set random seed	`getrand`, `setrand`(s)

Conversions

to vector, matrix, vec. of small ints	`Col/Vec`,`Mat`,`Vecsmall`
to list, set, map, string	`List`, `Set`, `Map`, `Str`
create (x mod y)	`Mod`(x,y)
make x a polynomial of v	`Pol`$(x,\{v\})$
variants of `Pol` *et al.*, in reverse order	`Polrev`, `Vecrev`, `Colrev`
make x a power series of v	`Ser`$(x,\{v\})$
convert x to simplest possible type	`simplify`(x)
object x with real precision n	`precision`(x,n)
object x with bit precision n	`bitprecision`(x,n)
b-bit fingerprint of x	`fingerprint`$(x,\{b=64\})$
set precision to p digits in dynamic scope	`localprec`(p)
set precision to p bits in dynamic scope	`localbitprec`(p)

Character strings

convert to TeX representation	`strtex`(x)
string from bytes / from format+args	`strchr`, `strprintf`
split string / join strings	`strsplit`, `strjoin`
convert time t ms. to h, m, s, ms format	`strtime`(t)

Conjugates and Lifts

conjugate of a number x	`conj`(x)
norm of x, product with conjugate	`norm`(x)
L^p norm of x (L^∞ if no p)	`normlp`$(x,\{p\})$
square of L^2 norm of x	`norml2`(x)
lift of x from Mods and p-adics	`lift`, `centerlift`(x)
recursive lift of all components of x	`liftall`(x)
lift all `t_INT` and `t_PADIC` ($\to$`t_INT`)	`liftint`
lift all `t_POLMOD` ($\to$`t_POL`)	`liftpol`

Lists, Sets & Maps

Sets (= row vector with strictly increasing entries w.r.t. `cmp`)

intersection of sets x and y	`setintersect`(x,y)
set of elements in x not belonging to y	`setminus`(x,y)
symmetric difference $x\Delta y$	`setdelta`(x,y)
union of sets x and y	`setunion`(x,y)
does y belong to the set x	`setsearch`$(x,y,\{flag\})$
set of all $f(x,y)$, $x \in X$, $y \in Y$	`setbinop`(f,X,Y)
is x a set ?	`setisset`(x)

Lists. create empty list: $L =$ `List()`

append x to list L	`listput`$(L,x,\{i\})$
remove i-th component from list L	`listpop`$(L,\{i\})$
insert x in list L at position i	`listinsert`(L,x,i)
sort the list L in place	`listsort`$(L,\{flag\})$

Maps. create empty dictionary: $M =$ `Map()`

attach value v to key k	`mapput`(M,k,v)
recover value attach to key k or error	`mapget`(M,k)
is key k in the dict? (set v to $M(k)$)	`mapisdefined`$(M,k,\{\&v\})$
evaluate f at $M(k)$	`mapapply`(M,k,f)
remove k from map domain	`mapdelete`(M,k)

GP Programming

User functions and closures

x, y are formal parameters; y defaults to `Pi` if parameter omitted; z, t are local variables (lexical scope), z initialized to 1.

`fun(x, y=Pi) = my(z=1, t);` *seq*
`fun = (x, y=Pi) -> my(z=1, t);` *seq*

attach help message h to s	`addhelp`(s,h)
undefine symbol s (also kills help)	`kill`(s)

Control Statements (X: formal parameter in expression *seq*)

if $a \neq 0$, evaluate seq_1, else seq_2	`if`$(a,\{seq_1\},\{seq_2\})$
eval. *seq* for $a \le X \le b$	`for`$(X=a,b,seq)$
... for $X \in v$	`foreach`(v,X,seq)
... for primes $a \le X \le b$	`forprime`$(X=a,b,seq)$
... for primes $\equiv a \pmod q$	`forprimestep`$(X=a,b,q,seq)$
... for composites $a \le X \le b$	`forcomposite`$(X=a,b,seq)$
... for $a \le X \le b$ stepping s	`forstep`$(X=a,b,s,seq)$
... for X dividing n	`fordiv`(n,X,seq)
... $X = [n, factor(n)]$, $a \le n \le b$	`forfactored`$(X=a,b,seq)$
... as above, n squarefree	`forsquarefree`$(X=a,b,seq)$
... $X = [d, factor(d)]$, $d \mid n$	`fordivfactored`(n,X,seq)
multivariable `for`, lex ordering	`forvec`$(X=v,seq)$

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loop over partitions of n	`forpart`$(p=n, seq)$
... permutations of S	`forperm`(S, p, seq)
... subsets of $\{1,\dots,n\}$	`forsubset`(n, p, seq)
... k-subsets of $\{1,\dots,n\}$	`forsubset`$([n,k], p, seq)$
... vectors v, $q(v) \le B$; $q > 0$	`forqfvec`(v, q, b, seq)
... $H < G$ finite abelian group	`forsubgroup`$(H = G)$
evaluate seq until $a \neq 0$	`until`(a, seq)
while $a \neq 0$, evaluate seq	`while`(a, seq)
exit n innermost enclosing loops	`break`$(\{n\})$
start new iteration of n-th enclosing loop	`next`$(\{n\})$
return x from current subroutine	`return`$(\{x\})$

Exceptions, warnings

raise an exception / warning	`error(), warning()`
type of error message E	`errname`(E)
try seq_1, evaluate seq_2 on error	`iferr`(seq_1, E, seq_2)

Functions with closure arguments / results

number of arguments of f	`arity`(f)
select from v according to f	`select`(f, v)
apply f to all entries in v	`apply`(f, v)
evaluate $f(a_1,\dots,a_n)$	`call`(f, a)
evaluate $f(\dots f(f(a_1,a_2),a_3)\dots,a_n)$	`fold`(f, a)
calling function as closure	`self()`

Sums & Products

sum $X = a$ to $X = b$, initialized at x	`sum`$(X = a, b, expr, \{x\})$
sum entries of vector v	`vecsum`(v)
product of all vector entries	`vecprod`(v)
sum $expr$ over divisors of n	`sumdiv`$(n, X, expr)$
... assuming $expr$ multiplicative	`sumdivmult`$(n, X, expr)$
product $a \le X \le b$, initialized at x	`prod`$(X = a, b, expr, \{x\})$
product over primes $a \le X \le b$	`prodeuler`$(X = a, b, expr)$

Sorting

sort x by k-th component	`vecsort`$(x, \{k\}, \{fl = 0\})$
min. m of x ($m = x[i]$), max.	`vecmin`$(x, \{\&i\})$, `vecmax`
does y belong to x, sorted wrt. f	`vecsearch`$(x, y, \{f\})$
$\prod g^x \to$ factorization ($\Rightarrow$ sorted, unique g)	`matreduce`(m)

Input/Output

print with/without `\n`, TEX format	`print`, `print1`, `printtex`
pretty print matrix	`printp`
print fields with separator	`printsep`$(sep,\dots)$`,, printsep1`
formatted printing	`printf()`
write $args$ to file	`write`, `write1`, `writetex`$(file, args)$
write x in binary format	`writebin`$(file, x)$
read file into GP	`read`$(\{file\})$
... return as vector of lines	`readvec`$(\{file\})$
... return as vector of strings	`readstr`$(\{file\})$
read a string from keyboard	`input()`

Files and file descriptors

File descriptors allow efficient small consecutive reads or writes from or to a given file. The argument n below is always a descriptor, attached to a file in `r`(ead), `w`(rite) or `a`(ppend) mode.

get descriptor n for file $path$ in given $mode$	`fileopen`$(path, mode)$
... from shell cmd output (pipe)	`fileextern`(cmd)
close descriptor	`fileclose`(n)
commit pending write operations	`fileflush`(n)
read logical line from file	`fileread`(n)
... raw line from file	`filereadstr`(n)
write s`\n` to file	`filewrite`(n, s)
... write s to file	`filewrite1`(n, s)

Timers

CPU time in ms and reset timer	`gettime()`
CPU time in ms since gp startup	`getabstime()`
time in ms since UNIX Epoch	`getwalltime()`
timeout command after s seconds	`alarm`$(s, expr)$

Interface with system

allocates a new stack of s bytes	`allocatemem`$(\{s\})$
alias old to new	`alias`(new, old)
install function from library	`install`$(f, code, \{gpf\}, \{lib\})$
execute system command a	`system`(a)
... and feed result to GP	`extern`(a)
... returning GP string	`externstr`(a)
get `$VAR` from environment	`getenv("VAR")`
expand env. variable in string	`strexpand`(x)

Parallel evaluation

These functions evaluate their arguments in parallel (pthreads or MPI); args. must not access global variables (use `export` for this) and must be free of side effects. Enabled if threading engine is not *single* in gp header.

evaluate f on $x[1],\dots,x[n]$	`parapply`(f, x)
evaluate closures $f[1],\dots,f[n]$	`pareval`(f)
parallel `select`	`parselect`$(f, A, \{flag\})$
parallel `sum`	`parsum`$(i = a, b, expr)$
parallel `vector`	`parvector`$(n, i, \{expr\})$
parallel `matrix`	`parmatrix`$(n, i, j, \{expr\})$
eval f for $i = a,\dots,b$	`parfor`$(i = a, \{b\}, f, \{r\}, \{f_2\})$
... for each element x in v	`parforeach`$(v, x, f, \{r\}, \{f_2\})$
... for p prime in $[a, b]$	`parforprime`$(p = a, \{b\}, f, \{r\}, \{f_2\})$
... for $p = a \bmod q$	`parforprimestep`$(p = a, \{b\}, q, f, \{r\}, \{f_2\})$
... for $i = a, a+s,\dots,b$	`parforstep`$(i = a, \{b\}, s, f, \{r\}, \{f_2\})$
... multivariate	`parforvec`$(X = v, f, \{r\}, \{f_2\}, \{flag\})$
export x to parallel world	`export`(x)
... all dynamic variables	`exportall()`
frees single or all exported values	`unexport`(x)`, unexportall()`

Linear Algebra

dimensions of matrix x	`matsize`(x)
multiply two matrices	x `*` y
... assuming result is diagonal	`matmultodiagonal`(x, y)
concatenation of x and y	`concat`$(x, \{y\})$
extract components of x	`vecextract`$(x, y, \{z\})$
transpose of vector or matrix x	x`~, mattranspose`(x)
adjoint of the matrix x	`matadjoint`(x)
eigenvectors/values of matrix x	`mateigen`(x)
characteristic/minimal polynomial of x	`charpoly`(x), `minpoly`(x)
trace/determinant of matrix x	`trace`(x), `matdet`(x)
permanent of matrix x	`matpermanent`(x)
Frobenius form of x	`matfrobenius`(x)
QR decomposition	`matqr`(x)
apply `matqr`'s transform to v	`mathouseholder`(Q, v)

Constructors & Special Matrices

$\{g(x)\colon x \in v \text{ s.t. } f(x)\}$	`[g(x) | x <- v, f(x)]`
$\{x\colon x \in v \text{ s.t. } f(x)\}$	`[x | x <- v, f(x)]`
$\{g(x)\colon x \in v\}$	`[g(x) | x <- v]`
row vec. of $expr$ eval'ed at $1 \le i \le n$	`vector`$(n, \{i\}, \{expr\})$
col. vec. of $expr$ eval'ed at $1 \le i \le n$	`vectorv`$(n, \{i\}, \{expr\})$
vector of small ints	`vectorsmall`$(n, \{i\}, \{expr\})$
$[c, c\cdot x,\dots,c\cdot x^n]$	`powers`$(x, n, \{c = 1\})$
$[1, 2^x,\dots,n^x]$	`dirpowers`(n, x)
matrix $1 \le i \le m$, $1 \le j \le n$	`matrix`$(m, n, \{i\}, \{j\}, \{expr\})$
define matrix by blocks	`matconcat`(B)
diagonal matrix with diagonal x	`matdiagonal`(x)
is x diagonal?	`matisdiagonal`(x)
$x \cdot$ `matdiagonal`(d)	`matmuldiagonal`(x, d)
$n \times n$ identity matrix	`matid`(n)
Hessenberg form of square matrix x	`mathess`(x)
$n \times n$ Hilbert matrix $H_{ij} = (i+j-1)^{-1}$	`mathilbert`(n)
$n \times n$ Pascal triangle	`matpascal`$(n-1)$
companion matrix to polynomial x	`matcompanion`(x)
Sylvester matrix of x and y	`polsylvestermatrix`(x, y)

Gaussian elimination

kernel of matrix x	`matker`$(x, \{flag\})$
intersection of column spaces of x and y	`matintersect`(x, y)
solve $MX = B$ (M invertible)	`matsolve`(M, B)
one sol of $M * X = B$	`matinverseimage`(M, B)
basis for image of matrix x	`matimage`(x)
columns of x *not* in `matimage`	`matimagecompl`(x)
supplement columns of x to get basis	`matsupplement`(x)
rows, cols to extract invertible matrix	`matindexrank`(x)
rank of the matrix x	`matrank`(x)
solve $MX = B \bmod D$	`matsolvemod`(M, D, B)

Image, kernel, inverse and determinant modulo D: `matimagemod`, `matkermod`, `matinvmod` , `matdetmod`.

Lattices & Quadratic Forms

Quadratic forms

evaluate ${}^t xQy$	`qfeval`$(\{Q = id\}, x, y)$
evaluate ${}^t xQx$	`qfeval`$(\{Q = id\}, x)$
signature of quad form ${}^t y * x * y$	`qfsign`(x)
decomp into squares of ${}^t y * x * y$	`qfgaussred`(x)
eigenvalues/vectors for real symmetric x	`qfjacobi`(x)
Cholesky decomposition of x	`qfcholesky`(x)

HNF and SNF

upper triangular Hermite Normal Form	`mathnf`(x)
HNF of x where d is a multiple of $\det(x)$	`mathnfmod`(x, d)
reduce x modulo H in HNF	`matmodhnf`(x, H)
multiple of $\det(x)$	`matdetint`(x)
HNF of (x | `diagonal`(D))	`mathnfmodid`(x, D)
elementary divisors of x	`matsnf`(x)
q-rank from elementary divisors	`snfrank`(v, q)
write $A = QH + R$, H in HNF	`mathmodhnf`$(A, H, \{\&Q\})$
elementary divisors of $\mathbf{Z}[a]/(f'(a))$	`poldiscreduced`(f)
integer kernel of x	`matkerint`(x)
$\mathbf{Z}$-module $\leftrightarrow$ $\mathbf{Q}$-vector space	`matrixqz`(x, p)

Lattices

LLL-algorithm applied to columns of x	`qflll`$(x, \{flag\})$
... for Gram matrix of lattice	`qflllgram`$(x, \{flag\})$
find up to m sols of `qfeval`$(x, y) \le b$	`qfminim`(x, b, m)
... up to m closest vectors to t	`qfcvp`(x, t, m)
v, $v[i]$:=number of y s.t. `qfeval`$(x, y) = i$	`qfrep`$(x, B, \{flag\})$
perfection rank of x	`qfperfection`(x)
find isomorphism between q and Q	`qfisom`(q, Q)

Based on an earlier version by Joseph H. Silverman

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Pari-GP reference card

(PARI-GP version 2.19.1)

precompute for isomorphism test with q — `qfisominit`(q)
automorphism group of q — `qfauto`(q)
convert `qfauto` for GAP/Magma — `qfautoexport`$(G, \{flag\})$
orbits of V under $G \subset \mathrm{GL}(V)$ — `qforbits`(G, V)

Polynomials & Rational Functions

all defined polynomial variables — `variables`$()$
get var. of highest priority (higher than v) — `varhigher`$(name, \{v\})$
... of lowest priority (lower than v) — `varlower`$(name, \{v\})$

Coefficients, variables and basic operators

degree of f — `poldegree`(f)
coef. of degree n of f, leading coef. — `polcoef`(f, n), `pollead`
main variable / all variables in f — `variable`(f), `variables`(f)
replace x by y in f — `subst`(f, x, y)
evaluate f replacing vars by their value — `eval`(f)
replace polynomial expr. $T(x)$ by y in f — `substpol`(f, T, y)
replace $x_1, \dots, x_n$ by $y_1, \dots, y_n$ in f — `substvec`(f, x, y)
$f \in A[x]$; reciprocal polynomial $x^{\deg f} f\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$ — `polrecip`(f)
gcd of coefficients of f — `content`(f)
derivative of f w.r.t. x — `deriv`$(f, \{x\})$
... n-th derivative of f — `derivn`$(f, n, \{x\})$
formal integral of f w.r.t. x — `intformal`$(f, \{x\})$
formal sum of f w.r.t. x — `sumformal`$(f, \{x\})$

Constructors & Special Polynomials

interpolation polynomial at $(x[1], y[1]), \dots, (x[n], y[n])$, evaluated at t, with error estimate e — `polinterpolate`$(x, \{y\}, \{t\}, \{\&e\})$
monic polynomial from roots r — `polfromroots`(r)
T_n/U_n, H_n — `polchebyshev`(n), `polhermite`(n)
P_n, $L_n^{(\alpha)}$ — `pollegendre`(n), `pollaguerre`(n, a)
n-th cyclotomic polynomial Φ_n — `polcyclo`(n)
return n if $f = \Phi_n$, else 0 — `poliscyclo`(f)
is f a product of cyclotomic polynomials? — `poliscycloprod`(f)
Zagier's polynomial of index (n, m) — `polzagier`(n, m)

Resultant, elimination

discriminant of polynomial f — `poldisc`(f)
find factors of `poldisc`(f) — `poldiscfactors`(f)
resultant $R = \mathrm{Res}_v(f, g)$ — `polresultant`$(f, g, \{v\})$
$[u, v, R]$, $xu + yv = \mathrm{Res}_v(f, g)$ — `polresultantext`$(x, y, \{v\})$
solve Thue equation $f(x, y) = a$ — `thue`$(t, a, \{sol\})$
initialize t for Thue equation solver — `thueinit`(f)

Roots and Factorization (Complex/Real)

complex roots of f — `polroots`(f)
bound complex roots of f — `polrootsbound`(f)
number of real roots of f (in $[a, b]$) — `polsturm`$(f, \{[a, b]\})$
real roots of f (in $[a, b]$) — `polrootsreal`$(f, \{[a, b]\})$
complex embeddings of `t_POLMOD` z — `conjvec`(z)

Roots and Factorization (Finite fields)

factor f mod p, roots — `factormod`(f, p), `polrootsmod`
factor f over $\mathbf{F}_p[x]/(T)$, roots — `factormod`$(f, [T, p])$, `polrootsmod`
squarefree factorization of f in $\mathbf{F}_q[x]$ — `factormodSQF`$(f, \{D\})$
distinct degree factorization of f in $\mathbf{F}_q[x]$ — `factormodDDF`$(f, \{D\})$
factor n-th cyclotomic pol. Φ_n mod p — `factormodcyclo`(n, p)

Roots and Factorization (p-adic fields)

factor f over $\mathbf{Q}_p$, roots — `factorpadic`(f, p, r), `polrootspadic`
p-adic root of f congruent to a mod p — `padicappr`(f, a)
Newton polygon of f for prime p — `newtonpoly`(f, p)
Hensel lift $A/\mathrm{lc}(A) = \prod_i B[i] \bmod p^e$ — `polhensellift`(A, B, p, e)

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$T = \prod(x - z_i) \mapsto \prod(x - \omega(z_i))] \in \mathbf{Z}_p[x]$ — `polteichmuller`(T, p, e)
extensions of $\mathbf{Q}_p$ of degree N — `padicfields`(p, N)

Roots and Factorization (Miscellaneous)

symmetric powers of roots of f up to n — `polsym`(f, n)
Graeffe transform of f, $g(x^2) = f(x)f(-x)$ — `polgraeffe`(f)
factor f over coefficient field — `factor`(f)
cyclotomic factors of $f \in \mathbf{Q}[X]$ — `polcyclofactors`(f)

Finite Fields

A finite field is encoded by any element (`t_FFELT`).

find irreducible $T \in \mathbf{F}_p[x]$, $\deg T = n$ — `ffinit`$(p, n, \{x\})$
Create t in $\mathbf{F}_q \simeq \mathbf{F}_p[t]/(T)$ — `t = ffgen(`T`,'t)`
... indirectly, with implicit T — `t = ffgen(q,'t); T = t.mod`
map m from $\mathbf{F}_q \ni a$ to $\mathbf{F}_{q^k} \ni b$ — `m = ffembed`(a, b)
build $K = \mathbf{F}_q[x]/(P)$ extending $\mathbf{F}_q \ni a$, — `ffextend`(a, P)
evaluate map m on x — `ffmap`(m, x)
inverse map of m — `ffinvmap`(m)
compose maps $m \circ n$ — `ffcompomap`(m, n)
x as polmod over codomain of map m — `ffmaprel`(m, x)
F^n over $\mathbf{F}_q \ni a$ — `fffrobenius`(a, n)
$\#\{\text{monic irred. } T \in \mathbf{F}_q[x], \deg T = n\}$ — `ffnbirred`(q, n)

Formal & p-adic Series

truncate power series or p-adic number — `truncate`(x)
valuation of x at p — `valuation`(x, p)

Dirichlet and Power Series

Taylor expansion around 0 of f w.r.t. x — `taylor`(f, x)
Laurent series of closure F up to x^k — `laurentseries`(f, k)
$\sum a_k b_k t^k$ from $\sum a_k t^k$ and $\sum b_k t^k$ — `serconvol`(a, b)
$f = \sum a_k t^k$ from $\sum (a_k/k!) t^k$ — `serlaplace`(f)
reverse power series F so $F(f(x)) = x$ — `serreverse`(f)
remove terms of degree $< n$ in f — `serchop`(f, n)
Dirichlet series multiplication / division — `dirmul`, `dirdiv`(x, y)
Dirichlet Euler product (b terms) — `direuler`$(p = a, b, expr)$

Transcendental and p-adic Functions

real, imaginary part of x — `real`(x), `imag`(x)
absolute value, argument of x — `abs`(x), `arg`(x)
square/nth root of x — `sqrt`(x), `sqrtn`$(x, n, \{\&z\})$
all n-th roots of 1 — `rootsof1`(n)
FFT of $[f_0, \dots, f_{n-1}]$ — w `= fftinit`(n), `fft/fftinv`(w, f)
trig functions — `sin, cos, tan, cotan, sinc`
inverse trig functions — `asin, acos, atan`
hyperbolic functions — `sinh, cosh, tanh, cotanh`
inverse hyperbolic functions — `asinh, acosh, atanh`
$\log(x)$, $\log(1 + x)$, e^x, $e^x - 1$ — `log`, `log1p`, `exp`, `expm1`
Euler Γ function, $\log\Gamma$, Γ'/Γ — `gamma`, `lngamma`, `psi`
half-integer gamma function $\Gamma(n + 1/2)$ — `gammah`(n)
Riemann's zeta $\zeta(s) = \sum n^{-s}$ — `zeta`(s)
$\sum_{1 \le n \le N} n^s$ — `dirpowerssum`(N, s)
Hurwitz's $\zeta(s, x) = \sum (n + x)^{-s}$ — `zetahurwitz`(s, x)
Lerch $\Phi(z, s, x) = \sum z^n (n + x)^{-s}$ — `lerchphi`(z, s, x)
Lerch $L(s, x, t) = \Phi(e^{2i\pi t}, s, x)$ — `lerchzeta`(s, x, t)
multiple zeta value (MZV), $\zeta(s_1, \dots, s_k)$ — `zetamult`$(s, \{T\})$
all MZVs for weight $\sum s_i = n$ — `zetamultall`(n)
convert MZV id to $[s_1, \dots, s_k]$ — `zetamultconvert`$(f, \{flag\})$
MZV dual sequence — `zetamultdual`(s)
multiple polylog $Li_{s_1, \dots s_k}(z_1, \dots, z_k)$ — `polylogmult`(s, z)

incomplete Γ function ($y = \Gamma(s)$) — `incgam`$(s, x, \{y\})$
complementary incomplete Γ — `incgamc`(s, x)
$\int_x^\infty e^{-t}\, dt/t$, $\quad (2/\sqrt{\pi}) \int_x^\infty e^{-t^2} dt$ — `eint1, erfc`
elliptic integral of 1st and 2nd kind — `ellK`(k), `ellE`(k)
dilogarithm of x — `dilog`(x)
m-th polylogarithm of x — `polylog`$(m, x, \{flag\})$
U-confluent hypergeometric function — `hyperu`(a, b, u)
Hypergeometric ${}_pF_q(A, B; z)$ — `hypergeom`(A, B, z)
Bessel $J_n(x)$, $J_{n+1/2}(x)$ — `besselj`(n, x), `besseljh`(n, x)
Bessel I_ν, K_ν, H_ν^1, H_ν^2, Y_ν — `(bessel)i, k, h1, h2, y`
k-th zero of $J_\nu(x)$ — `besseljzero`$(nu, \{k = 1\})$
k-th zero of $Y_\nu(x)$ — `besselyzero`$(nu, \{k = 1\})$
Airy functions $A_i(x)$, $B_i(x)$ — `airy`(x)
Lambert W: x s.t. $xe^x = y$ — `lambertw`(y)
Teichmuller character of p-adic x — `teichmuller`(x)

Iterations, Sums & Products

Numerical integration for meromorphic functions

Behaviour at endpoint for Double Exponential (DE) methods: either a scalar ($a \in \mathbf{C}$, regular) or $\pm$`oo` (decreasing at least as x^{-2}) or

- $(x - a)^{-\alpha}$ singularity — $[a, \alpha]$
- exponential decrease $e^{-\alpha|x|}$ — $[\pm\infty, \alpha]$, $\alpha > 0$
- slow decrease $|x|^\alpha$ — $\dots \alpha < -1$
- oscillating as $\cos(kx)$) — $\alpha = k$`I`, $k > 0$
- oscillating as $\sin(kx)$) — $\alpha = -k$`I`, $k > 0$

numerical integration — `intnum`$(x = a, b, f, \{T\})$
weights T for `intnum` — `intnuminit`$(a, b, \{m\})$
weights T incl. kernel K — `intfuncinit`$(t = a, b, K, \{m\})$
integrate $(2i\pi)^{-1} f$ on circle $|z - a| = R$ — `intcirc`$(x = a, R, f, \{T\})$

Other integration methods

n-point Gauss-Legendre — `intnumgauss`$(x = a, b, f, \{n\})$
weights for n-point Gauss-Legendre — `intnumgaussinit`$(\{n\})$
quasi-periodic function, period $2H$ — `intnumosc`$(x = a, f, H)$
Romberg (low accuracy) — `intnumromb`$(x = a, b, f, \{flag\})$

Numerical summation

sum of series $f(n)$, $n \ge a$ (low accuracy) — `suminf`$(n = a, expr)$
sum of alternating/positive series — `sumalt, sumpos`
sum of series using Euler-Maclaurin — `sumnum`$(n = a, f, \{T\})$
... Sidi summation — `sumnumsidi`$(n = a, f)$
$\sum_{n \ge a} F(n)$, F rational function — `sumnumrat`(F, a)
$\dots \sum_{p \ge a} F(p^s)$ — `sumeulerrat`$(F, \{s = 1\}, \{a = 2\})$
weights for `sumnum`, a as in DE — `sumnuminit`$(\{\infty, a\})$
sum of series by Monien summation — `sumnummonien`$(n = a, f, \{T\})$
weights for `sumnummonien` — `sumnummonieninit`$(\{\infty, a\})$
sum of series using Abel-Plana — `sumnumap`$(n = a, f, \{T\})$
weights for `sumnumap`, a as in DE — `sumnumapinit`$(\{\infty, a\})$
sum of series using Lagrange — `sumnumlagrange`$(n = a, f, \{T\})$
weights for `sumnumlagrange` — `sumnumlagrangeinit`

Products

product $a \le X \le b$, initialized at x — `prod`$(X = a, b, expr, \{x\})$
product over primes $a \le X \le b$ — `prodeuler`$(X = a, b, expr)$
infinite product $a \le X \le \infty$ — `prodinf`$(X = a, expr)$
$\prod_{n \ge a} F(n)$, F rational function — `prodnumrat`(F, a)
$\prod_{p \ge a} F(p^s)$ — `prodeulerrat`$(F, \{s = 1\}, \{a = 2\})$

Other numerical methods

real root of f in $[a,b]$; bracketed root	`solve`$(X=a,b,f)$
... interval splitting, step s	`solvestep`$(X=a,b,s,f,\{flag=0\})$
limit of $f(t)$, $t\to\infty$	`limitnum(f, {alpha})`
asymptotic expansion of f (rational)	`asympnum(f, {alpha})`
... $N+1$ terms as floats	`asympnumraw(f, N, {alpha})`
numerical derivation w.r.t x: $f'(a)$	`derivnum`$(x=a,f)$
evaluate continued fraction F at t	`contfraceval`$(F,t,\{L\})$
power series to cont. fraction (L terms)	`contfracinit`$(S,\{L\})$
Padé approximant (deg. denom. $\le B$)	`bestapprPade`$(S,\{B\})$

Elementary Arithmetic Functions

vector of binary digits of $\lvert x\rvert$	`binary`(x)
bit number n of integer x	`bittest`(x,n)
Hamming weight of integer x	`hammingweight`(x)
digits of integer x in base B	`digits`$(x,\{B=10\})$
sum of digits of integer x in base B	`sumdigits`$(x,\{B=10\})$
integer from digits	`fromdigits`$(v,\{B=10\})$
ceiling/floor/fractional part	`ceil`, `floor`, `frac`
round x to nearest integer	`round`$(x,\{\&e\})$
truncate x	`truncate`$(x,\{\&e\})$
gcd/LCM of x and y	`gcd`(x,y), `lcm`(x,y)
gcd of entries of a vector/matrix	`content`(x)

Primes and Factorization

extra prime table	`addprimes`$()$
add primes in v to prime table	`addprimes`(v)
remove primes from prime table	`removeprimes`(v)
Chebyshev $\pi(x)$, n-th prime p_n	`primepi`(x), `prime`(n)
vector of first n primes	`primes`(n)
smallest prime $\ge x$	`nextprime`(x)
largest prime $\le x$	`precprime`(x)
factorization of x	`factor`$(x,\{lim\})$
... selecting specific algorithms	`factorint`$(x,\{flag=0\})$
$n=df^2$, d squarefree/fundamental	`core`$(n,\{fl\})$, `coredisc`
certificate for (prime) N	`primecert`(N)
verifies a certificate c	`primecertisvalid`(c)
convert certificate to Magma/PRIMO	`primecertexport`
recover x from its factorization	`factorback`$(f,\{e\})$
$x\in\mathbf{Z}$, $\lvert x\rvert\le X$, $\gcd(N,P(x))\ge N$	`zncoppersmith`$(P,N,X,\{B\})$
divisors of N in residue class r mod s	`divisorslenstra`(N,r,s)

Divisors and multiplicative functions

number of prime divisors $\omega(n)$ / $\Omega(n)$	`omega`(n), `bigomega`
divisors of n / number of divisors $\tau(n)$	`divisors`(n), `numdiv`
sum of (k-th powers of) divisors of n	`sigma`$(n,\{k\})$
Möbius μ-function	`moebius`(x)
Ramanujan's τ-function	`ramanujantau`(x)

Combinatorics

factorial of x	x`!` or `factorial`(x)
binomial coefficient $\binom{x}{k}$	`binomial`$(x,\{k\})$
Bernoulli number B_n as real/rational	`bernreal`(n), `bernfrac`
$[B_0,B_2,\dots B_{2k}]$	`bernvec`(k)
Bernoulli polynomial $B_n(x)$	`bernpol`$(n,\{x\})$
Euler numbers	`eulerfrac`, `eulerreal`, `eulervec`
Euler polynomial $E_n(x)$	`eulerpol`$(n,\{x\})$
Eulerian polynomial $A_n(x)$	`eulerianpol`
Fibonacci number F_n	`fibonacci`(n)
Harmonic number $H_{n,r}=1^{-r}+\ldots+n^{-r}$	`harmonic`(n,r)
Stirling numbers $s(n,k)$ and $S(n,k)$	`stirling`$(n,k,\{flag\})$

Pari-GP reference card

(PARI-GP version 2.19.1)

number of partitions of n	`numbpart`(n)
k-th permutation on n letters	`numtoperm`(n,k)
... index k of permutation v	`permtonum`(v)
order of permutation p	`permorder`(p)
signature of permutation p	`permsign`(p)
cyclic decomposition of permutation p	`permcycles`(p)

Multiplicative groups $(\mathbf{Z}/N\mathbf{Z})^*$, $\mathbf{F}_q^*$

Euler ϕ-function	`eulerphi`(x)
multiplicative order of x (divides o)	`znorder`$(x,\{o\})$, `fforder`
primitive root mod q / `x.mod`	`znprimroot`(q), `ffprimroot`(x)
structure of $(\mathbf{Z}/n\mathbf{Z})^*$	`znstar`(n)
discrete logarithm of x in base g	`znlog`$(x,g,\{o\})$, `fflog`
Kronecker-Legendre symbol $(\frac{x}{y})$	`kronecker`(x,y)
quadratic Hilbert symbol (at p)	`hilbert`$(x,y,\{p\})$

Euclidean algorithm, continued fractions

CRT: solve $z\equiv x$ and $z\equiv y$	`chinese`(x,y)
minimal u,v so $xu+yv=\gcd(x,y)$	`gcdext`(x,y)
half-gcd algorithm	`halfgcd`(x,y)
continued fraction of x	`contfrac`$(x,\{b\},\{lmax\})$
last convergent of continued fraction x	`contfracpnqn`(x)
rational approximation to x (den. $\le B$)	`bestappr`$(x,\{B\})$
recognize $x\in\mathbf{C}$ as polmod mod $T\in\mathbf{Z}[X]$	`bestapprnf`(x,T)

Miscellaneous

integer square / n-th root of x	`sqrtint`(x), `sqrtnint`(x,n)
largest integer e s.t. $b^e\le b$, $e=\lfloor\log_b(x)\rfloor$	`logint`$(x,b,\{\&z\})$

Characters

Let $cyc=[d_1,\dots,d_k]$ represent an abelian group $G=\oplus(\mathbf{Z}/d_j\mathbf{Z})\cdot g_j$ or any structure G affording a `.cyc` method; e.g. `znstar`$(q,1)$ for Dirichlet characters. A character χ is coded by $[c_1,\dots,c_k]$ such that $\chi(g_j)=e(n_j/d_j)$.

$\chi\cdot\psi$; χ^{-1}; $\chi\cdot\psi^{-1}$; χ^k	`charmul`, `charconj`, `chardiv`, `charpow`
order of χ	`charorder`(cyc,χ)
kernel of χ	`charker`(cyc,χ)
$\chi(x)$, G a GP group structure	`chareval`$(G,\chi,x,\{z\})$
Galois orbits of characters	`chargalois`(G)

Dirichlet Characters

initialize $G=(\mathbf{Z}/q\mathbf{Z})^*$	`G = znstar`$(q,1)$
convert datum D to $[G,\chi]$	`znchar`(D)
is χ odd?	`zncharisodd`(G,χ)
real $\chi\to$ Kronecker symbol $(D/.)$	`znchartokronecker`(G,χ)
conductor of χ	`zncharconductor`(G,χ)
$[G_0,\chi_0]$ primitive attached to χ	`znchartoprimitive`(G,χ)
induce $\chi\in\hat{G}$ to $\mathbf{Z}/N\mathbf{Z}$	`znchariduce`(G,χ,N)
χ_p	`znchardecompose`(G,χ,p)
$\prod_{p\mid(Q,N)}\chi_p$	`znchardecompose`(G,χ,Q)
complex Gauss sum $G_a(\chi)$	`znchargauss`(G,χ)

Conrey labelling

Conrey label $m\in(\mathbf{Z}/q\mathbf{Z})^*\to$ character	`znconreychar`(G,m)
character $\to$ Conrey label	`znconreyexp`(G,χ)
log on Conrey generators	`znconreylog`(G,m)
conductor of χ (χ_0 primitive)	`znconreyconductor`$(G,\chi,\{\chi_0\})$

True-False Tests

is x the disc. of a quadratic field?	`isfundamental`(x)
is x a prime?	`isprime`(x)
is x a strong pseudo-prime?	`ispseudoprime`(x)
is x square-free?	`issquarefree`(x)
is x a square?	`issquare`$(x,\{\&n\})$
is x a perfect power?	`ispower`$(x,\{k\},\{\&n\})$
is x a perfect power of a prime? ($x=p^n$)	`isprimepower`$(x,\&n\})$
... of a pseudoprime?	`ispseudoprimepower`$(x,\&n\})$
is x powerful?	`ispowerful`(x)
is x a totient? ($x=\varphi(n)$)	`istotient`$(x,\{\&n\})$
is x a polygonal number? ($x=P(s,n)$)	`ispolygonal`$(x,s,\{\&n\})$
is pol irreducible?	`polisirreducible`(pol)

Graphic Functions

crude graph of $expr$ between a and b	`plot`$(X=a,b,expr)$

High-resolution plot (immediate plot)

plot $expr$ between a and b	`ploth`$(X=a,b,expr,\{flag\},\{n\})$
plot points given by lists lx, ly	`plothraw`$(lx,ly,\{flag\})$
terminal dimensions	`plothsizes`$()$

Rectwindow functions

init window w, with size x,y	`plotinit`(w,x,y)
erase window w	`plotkill`(w)
copy w to w_2 with offset (dx,dy)	`plotcopy`(w,w_2,dx,dy)
clips contents of w	`plotclip`(w)
scale coordinates in w	`plotscale`(w,x_1,x_2,y_1,y_2)
`ploth` in w	`plotrecth`$(w,X=a,b,expr,\{flag\},\{n\})$
`plothraw` in w	`plotrecthraw`$(w,data,\{flag\})$
draw window w_1 at (x_1,y_1), ...	`plotdraw`$([[w_1,x_1,y_1],\dots])$

Low-level Rectwindow Functions

set current drawing color in w to c	`plotcolor`(w,c)
current position of cursor in w	`plotcursor`(w)
write s at cursor's position	`plotstring`(w,s)
move cursor to (x,y)	`plotmove`(w,x,y)
move cursor to $(x+dx,y+dy)$	`plotrmove`(w,dx,dy)
draw a box to (x_2,y_2)	`plotbox`(w,x_2,y_2)
draw a box to $(x+dx,y+dy)$	`plotrbox`(w,dx,dy)
draw polygon	`plotlines`$(w,lx,ly,\{flag\})$
draw points	`plotpoints`(w,lx,ly)
draw ellipse	`plotarc`$(w,lx,ly,\{flag\})$
draw line to $(x+dx,y+dy)$	`plotrline`(w,dx,dy)
draw point $(x+dx,y+dy)$	`plotrpoint`(w,dx,dy)

Convert to Postscript or Scalable Vector Graphics

The format f is either `"ps"` or `"svg"`.

as `ploth`	`plothexport`$(f,X=a,b,expr,\{flag\},\{n\})$
as `plothraw`	`plothrawexport`$(f,lx,ly,\{flag\})$
as `plotdraw`	`plotexport`$(f,[[w_1,x_1,y_1],\dots])$

Based on an earlier version by Joseph H. Silverman
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